Uriel Barrera-Vasquez Course Title: 6th Grade Ancient World History(Eastern Hemisphere) Lesson Title: Discovering the Ghosts Among Us

Stage 1 Desired Results	
ESTABLISHED GOALS	Transfer
From the New York State Social Studies Core	
Curriculum Standards	
Content Understandings of Eastern	
Hemisphere Nation	
• Different peoples may view the same	
event or issue from different	
perspectives. (Identity)	
Civilizations and cultures of the Eastern	
Hemisphere (China, India, Greece, and	
Rome) are explored through the arts and	
sciences, key documents, and other	
important artifacts.(Culture)	
 The civilizations and cultures of the 	
Eastern Hemisphere have contributed	
important ideas, beliefs, and traditions	
to the history of humankind. (Identity)	
 Individuals and groups in the Eastern 	
Hemisphere have played important roles	
and made important contributions to	
world history. (Culture)	
Geography	
 The migration of groups of people has 	
led to cultural diffusion because people	
carry their ideas and ways of life with	
them when they move from one place to	
another.(Human Systems)	

 The nations and regions of the Eastern Hemisphere can be studied using maps, globes, aerialand and other photographs, satellite-produced images, and models. (Taken from: National Geography Standards, 1994). Urbanization has been a characteristic of the civilizations and cultures of the Eastern Hemisphere. (Human Systems) 		
Economics		
• The ways resources are used impact the economic, political, and historic aspects of life throughout the world. (Scarcity)		
Government		
 The values of Eastern Hemisphere nations are embodied in their 		
constitutions, statutes, and important		
court cases.		
	Students will be able to independently use their learning to	
	• Explore cultural and civic institutions ir	
	New York City such as museum, parks,	
	public spaces, universities, etc and	
	looking for the "living past"	
	 Make connection between the material they are learning in class with 	
	material they are learning in class with the many architectural buildings and	
	spaces in New York	

 Explore several of New York City diverse communities and look for "cultural evidence" from the past Ask relevant questions on how and why some ancient ideas and cultural practices survived and others did not How the development and plan of urban spaces, such as New York City, resemble ancient urban development That ancient cultural, planning and technological practices are use and practiced in other urban spaces, domestically and internationally Nations all over the world are constantly working to preserve and 	
domestically and internationallyNations all over the world are	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS Why do some artistic and cultural practices survive today? Why did some artistic and cultural practices disappear? How have ancient civilization and
technology and human-know-how has been passed down generation after generation through various means	 How have ancient civilization and cultures contributed to modern, urban life? What major artifacts(museum and public spaces) found in NYC help us understand ancient world cultures

 Many cultural, artistic, architectural practices from the past are very much alive today, used and relevant Ancient artifacts are open to different interpretations and perspectives Modern methodologies to historical research have greatly helped understand the ancient past Nations, including the United States, are racing to preserve and protect ancient artifacts, culture and institutions. 	and traditions?
 Students will know what major urban planning techniques are used today such as the use aqueducts, flood controls, irrigation systems, public spaces, grid systems, and residential planning how and why museums and other artistic institutions organize and display ancient art why some several ancient practices are use today how different groups and individuals shape and mold the city how to use primary documents, artifacts, and images to understand the past 	 Students will be skilled at analyzing major works of ancient art found in NYC museums and public spaces identifying ancient cultural practices and why they are still in use today research major cultural patterns and practices from ancient past and how they were used then and practiced today developing language to research and understand other cultural groups describing ancient artistic, cultural and institutional practices used today

	Stage 2 - Evidence	•	how secondary document and images enhance our understanding of the past	
Evalua	tive Criteria	Assessi	ment Evidence	
	List, identify, recognize, match, organize, choose, apply, analyze, classify, prioritize List, identify, recognized, organize, apply, prioritize	1.	Musing Over Museums: Using PowerPoint and images, students will look at the different components that make up a museum and museum exhibits. They will be able to identify the components of a museum (gallery, permanent exhibits, temporary exhibits, artifacts) explain how artifacts are displayed (gallery name, titles and labels) and how to best view and understand artifacts.	
3.	Describe, examine, identify, reconstruct, analyze, observe, infer, choose, prioritize, point out, illustrate, interact, compare, summarize, locate	2.	Passports to the World: Students will understand the components that make passport and how a passport is a key to global understand. Next, students will deconstruct the various parts of their Assyrian Panel Passport	

 Organize, prepare, identify, analyze, infer, compare 	in preparation for their field trip to the Brooklyn Museum of Art to view the Assyrian Panels.
 Organize, prepare, identify, analyze, infer, compare, survey, illustrate, point out, examine, interact, summarize, locate 	 3. Assyrian Panels at the Brooklyn Museum: Students will look at the 12 bas-relief panels at the Brooklyn Museums. Students will be able to: Describe the process how the panels arrived in Brooklyn Examine several Assyrian artistic styles Identity the meaning of several Assyrian religious iconography Reconstruct the palace of Ashur-nasir-pal II using a journal entry
 Produce, judge, summarize, present 	4. Assigning Spaces, One: In preparation for their Downtown Extravagance field trip, students will work in groups to research online several significant economic buildings and public spaces in downtown Manhattan. Students will look at the original purpose of the each place, how that purpose has changed and how the surround neighborhood has also changed.

7. Organize, prepare, identify, analyze, infer, compare, survey, illustrate, point out, examine, interact, summarize, locate

8. Organize, prepare, identify, analyze, infer, compare, survey, illustrate, point out, examine, interact, summarize, locate Lower Manhattan was once a busy harbor and center of trade and commerce and students will explore and develop an understanding of how these places worked to make New York City the financial powerhouse it is today. Here are the following spaces and places:

- Castle Clinton fortress that guarded the New York City harbor
- The United States Custom Building/Museum of the American Indian – originally the custom house for the harbor now a Smithsonian museum
- Bowling Green original town green for settlement of New Amsterdam
- Wall Street/Federal Hall originally the protective wall of New Amsterdam, later becomes a major center of trade
- Downtown Extravaganza: Students will travel to downtown Manhattan to explore and look for evidence of New York City's past trading and

	commerce history and the role certain
9. Produce, judge, summarize, present	spaces and places played a role in this
	economic development and history.
	Students will also make connect these
	places to ancient places and how they
	served similar purposes.
10. Describe, list, organize, examine,	Castle Clinton – fortress that
identify, reconstruct, analyze,	guarded the New York City
observe, choose, prioritize, point out,	harbor
illustrate, interact, compare,	The United States Custom
summarize, locate	Building/Museum of the
	American Indian – originally
	the custom house for the
	harbor now a Smithsonian
	museum
	 Bowling Green – original town
	green for settlement of New
	Amsterdam
	Wall Street/Federal Hall –
	originally the protective wall
	of New Amsterdam, later
	becomes a major center of
	trade
	6. Downtown Extravaganza
	Presentations: Students will create a
	historical guide pamphlet and prepare
	a guided tour of these places. The
	guide will have the summarized
	history of each place, its original

usage, how it changed over time and
its current usage. Students will also
explain the role each particular place
had in the economic development and
history of New York City and how
these spaces connect to ancient
places.
7. Assigning Spaces, Two: In addition to
being a huge financial/economic
center, New York City is also a great
civic and cultural center. Students will
look at the original purpose of the
each place, how that purpose has
changed and how the neighborhood
has also changed. We will be focusing
on the Upper West Side
neighborhood of Morningside Heights
because it contains several major
civic, cultural and educational spaces
students can research and access.
Here are the following spaces and
places
 Columbia University – the flag
ship university in the city, it
was originally located
downtown but moved uptown.
• St. John the Divine Cathedral –
the largest cathedral in the
United States – serves both as

	a center of worship and
	museum
	• Tomb of President Ulysses S.
	Grant – tomb and monument
	to the President Grant in
	Riverside Park
	 Broadway and the Grid – the
	system of streets and avenues
	is urban planning at its best
	and clearly evident in this part
	of the city
8.	
	travel to Morningside Heights to
	explore and look for evidence of New
	York City's civic, educational and
	cultural significance and the role
	certain spaces and places played a
	role in this social history. Students will
	also make connect these places to
	ancient places and how they served
	similar purposes.
	Columbia University – the flag
	ship university in the city, it
	was originally located
	downtown but moved uptown
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	United States – serves both as

 a center of worship and museum Tomb of President Ulysses S. Grant – tomb and monument to the President Grant in Riverside Park Broadway and the Grid – the system of streets and avenues is urban planning at its best and clearly evident in this part of the city 	
 Uptown Extravaganza Presentations: Using Instagram student will prepare a visual presentation of these places. The presentation will capture the historical and civic importance of each place using pictures and captions to explain and highlight key pieces of information. 	
10. World History Museum: After our various expeditions and explorations, students will great a "World Museum" in the classroom. Students will organize the space into a number of "galleries" where they will display and show art and culture from around the represented in NYC. While the	

"museum" is going on, parents,	
families and friends will be invited to	
tour and visit them museum. In an	
adjacent room, we'll have a world	
food court. I have students from	
many parts of West Africa, South	
America and parts of Asia. Students	
will create guides to their exhibits	
that will be located in four galleries -	
the galleries will be the following	
Ancient Art in New York City	
Public Spaces as Art	
Historical Buildings and	
Change	
Great Institutions the Make	
the City	
Students will work with their reading	
and writing teachers to make their	
presentations. At KIPP we have a	
tradition of working together so the	
writing and reading teachers will very	
much be part of this process.	
The writing teacher will provide the	
following support ways:	
Align her non-fiction writing	
unit to make this happen	
Help student brainstorm,	
organize, draft, edit and	
revise student guides	
• Provide time during their	
small, remediation block to	
	 families and friends will be invited to tour and visit them museum. In an adjacent room, we'll have a world food court. I have students from many parts of West Africa, South America and parts of Asia. Students will create guides to their exhibits that will be located in four galleries - the galleries will be the following Ancient Art in New York City Public Spaces as Art Historical Buildings and Change Great Institutions the Make the City Students will work with their reading and writing teachers to make their presentations. At KIPP we have a tradition of working together so the writing and reading teachers will very much be part of this process. The writing teacher will provide the following support ways: Align her non-fiction writing unit to make this happen Help student brainstorm, organize, draft, edit and revise student guides Provide time during their

	 provide additional writing support The reading teacher will provide the following support ways: Align her non-fiction reading unit to make this happen Provide students will additional text to support their research and investigation Provide time during their small, remediation block to provide additional research and investigation support 	
Describe, list, examine, identify, reconstruct, analyze, observe, infer, choose, prioritize, point out, illustrate, interact, compare, summarize, locate	OTHER EVIDENCE: 11. Chapter and Unit tests (this will probably be over 4 or 5 chapters) 12. Vocabulary quizzes 13. Homework checks	
Stage 3 – Learning Plan		
Summary of Key Learning Events and Instruction		
 Why Ancient History?: Students will identify the reason why we study the ancient past. Many people feel the distant past is irrelevant and more of hobby. Thought a number of lessons, students will analyze and understand 		

	why study the past. The lessons will	
	be as follows:	
	 Identifying the Seven 	
	Characteristics of	
	Civilization(stable food	
	supply, social structure,	
	government, religion, art,	
	technology and written	
	language) and how these	
	"lucky seven" were	
	developed in the past and	
	how they are still evident	
	today in the United States and	
	their lives	
	History binders will be	
	converted into passports to	
	world cultures – class notes	
	will be called boarding pass,	
	homeworks will be called	
	flights and students will	
	receive world flags visa	
	stickers when they accomplish	
	certain tasks in the classroom	
	 these tasks can be academic 	
	or character growth tasks	
2.	Musing Over Museums: See	
	description above	
3.	How Art Arrives to NYC: Students will	
	discuss the various ways that art and	
	major cultural pieces arrive to	
	museums around the world and in	

 NYC. Students understand that art is borrowed, bought and at times "stolen" and put on display. Students will look and analyze at the following pieces of art. Cleopatra's Needle in Central Park The Parthenon Friezes at the British Museum The Assyrian Panels at the Brooklyn Museum 4. Passports to the World: See description above 5. Assyrian Panels at the Brooklyn Museum Field trip: See description above 6. Post-Brooklyn Museum Visit: Students will identify the key reason why it is important to preserve and display art. Often students do not understand why museums exist or why art is preserved. Students will identify key differences between viewing art in school/internet/books and viewing it person. Students will look at scale, details and placement/presentation and how these things can be more greatly appreciated and understand when view art in person.		
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		these things can be more greatly
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		view art in person.

7.	Cities as Place: Students will identity	
	the key elements needed to build and	
	maintain a city – in the past and in	
	today. This a key lesson because	
	students make the connection with	
	how ancient knowledge and	
	know-how are still evident today. In	
	other words, many of the things need	
	to create a thriving and successful city	
	are similar to those from the past.	
	With the mindset, students will	
	hopefully begin to see the modern	
	city, such as New York, as a	
	continuation from the ancient past.	
	 Access to food – access to a 	
	stable food supply	
	 Organization and Population – 	
	organization of space and	
	people within that space	
	 Government – laws and see 	
	that those laws are enforces	
	 Institutions – both civic, 	
	religious and cultural	
	institutions that enhance urban	
	life	
8.	Assigning Spaces, One: See	
	description above	
9.	Downtown Extravaganza Field Trip:	
	See description above	

10	. Downtown Extravaganza
	Presentations: See description
	above
11	. Evidence of the Past, 1: After their
	Downtown Extravaganza field trip
	students will identity evidence of
	ancient urban planning are evident
	today.
12	Assigning Spaces, Two: See
	descriptions above
13	. Uptown Extravaganza
	Presentations: See description
	above.
14	. Evidence of the Past, 2: After their
	Uptown Extravaganza field trip
	students will identity evidence of
	ancient urban planning are evident
	today
15	. World History Museum represented
	in NYC. See description above
16	. Text readings for this plan will include
	chapter readings on the Middle East,
	Egypt, Greece and India. This will
	probably be over a 4 or 5 month
	period of time.
17	. There will be four chapter tests, which
	will include in content student
	gathering during their field trips.
18	. There will also be a number of smaller
	vocabulary and map quizzes and exit

tickets to gauge student understanding	